Rubin Observatory Multi-Site Testing

Richard Dubois (USDF, SLAC)

2 August 2023















Intro to Rubin/LSST

Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST), at the Vera Rubin Observatory:

- Science themes: dark energy, dark matter, but also solar system and transient objects CHEP 2023
- 8.4m telescope at Cerro Pachon (Chile)
- 3.2 Gpix camera
- All visible sky (~18000 deg2) in 6 bands
- 10 years survey starting from 2025





Hernandez et al.



Key Science Drivers

<mark>Ivezic et al. 2019</mark>

Dark Matter, Dark Energy

- Weak Lensing
- Baryon acoustic oscillations
- Supernovae, Strong Lenses



Cataloging the Solar System

- Potentially Hazardous Asteroids
- Near Earth Objects
- Object inventory of the Solar System

Milky Way Structure & Formation

- Structure and evolutionary history
- Spatial maps of stellar characteristics
- Reach well into the halo



Exploring the Transient sky

- Variable stars, Supernovae
- Fill in the variability phase-space
- Discovery of new classes of transients

Rubin is a facility providing processed data to 7 independent science collaborations

3

Data Management System Vision



Access to proprietary data and the Science Platform require Rubin data rights

Rubin Science Platform

Provides access to Rubin Data Products and services for all science users and project staff





USDF: A Mix of On-prem and Cloud



RSP = Rubin Science Platform

Acronyms & Glossary



Pretty Big Data



Acronyms & Glossary



Complexity of Rubin Data Processing Pipeline



Actual Rubin DRP pipeline will be a lot more complicated than the above, They are grouped into 7 steps

VERA C RURI

8



Projected Network Transfer Rates





Technologies Adopted for Multi-Site

- <u>PanDA</u> Workflow management
 - \circ ~ Used for DP0.2 in the Google Cloud Interim Data Facility
 - Exercised for routine CI reprocessing and now HSC-PDR2
 - Multi-site testing getting underway
- <u>Rucio</u> Data movement
 - Data replication demonstrated to all Facility sites
 - Wrapping up interface to Butler
- <u>cvmfs</u> code distribution
 - Stratum 0 hosted by CC-IN2P3 and in use for Rubin code in a variety of places
 - There are other options, but this appears to work



Workflow & Workload Management System

Rubin Batch Production Service (BPS) will use

- Panda/JEDI to manage workload
 - Manage concurrent jobs at multi-DFs
 - This is a proven technology used by LHC ATLAS for 1+ decade
- <u>iDDS</u> to manage workflow
 - Handle complex dependencies in workflow
 - Rubin DAG will likely drive iDDS usage toward wide and deep.
- <u>ARC-CE</u> to interface between Panda and local batch
- <u>CVMFS</u> to distribute software environment
 - o and small amount of static data





Distributed Data Management System



SCIENTIFIC DATA MANAGEMENT

- **Rucio** ecosystem:
 - Rucio: also developed by LHC ATLAS and used for 1+ decade
 - data classification, keeping track of data location, drive data movement
 - Rubin will have several times more file/object in Rucio than the current LHC ones
 - A big challenge for the backend database. Rubin will drive this forward
 - FTS: also 1+ decade history
 - Think of it as a batch system dedicated to data transfer jobs.
 - Again, efficiently transfer large numbers of small files is a challenge
 - <u>Xrootd</u>: has been around for 2+ decade
 - Mostly used as data transfer agent, to replace GridFTP
 - Rubin prefers object stores, and is driving xrootd based data transfer to/from OS/Cloud
- Butler
 - The original Rubin data management system
 - DB of metadata and pointers to data
 - software layer to access Rubin data
 - Must coordinate with Rucio





- Resources in place or arriving soon:
 - 10k batch cores; 30 PB disk. 50 kubernetes nodes. Various servers etc
- Ready for ComCam (actually AuxTel) Milestone completed (AuxTel is a 1 CCD camera used for atmosphere tracking)
 - \circ \quad Auto transfer and process AuxTel data from summit
 - Routine processing is happening; available for analysis in Rubin science platform
 - "Long Haul Network" between Summit and SLAC in use combo of leased lines + ESNet
- Start of Hybrid model
 - Contract in place with Google planning when the IDF transition actually needs to happen (IDF: already-running cloud instance spun up while the USDF came to be)
 - Production Qserv running with DC2 catalog; access from Google cloud demonstrated [DC2: DESC Data Challenge simulation]
- Supporting ~300 staff and commissioners
 - Successful bootcamp on USDF for commissioners
- Supporting Full Camera Testing in IR2
 - automated transfers of test data to France, using Rucio/FTS, are in place



Data Processing: An International Collaboration

Cloud EPO Data Center

US Data Facility SLAC, California, USA

Archive Center Alert Production Data Release Production (25%) Calibration Products Production Long-term storage Data Access Center Data Access and User Services

HQ Site AURA, Tucson, USA

Observatory Management Data Production System Performance Education and Public Outreach

Dedicated Long Haul Networks

Two redundant 100 Gb/s links from Santiago to Florida (existing fiber) Additional 100 Gb/s link (spectrum on new fiber) from Santiago-Florida (Chile and US national links not shown)

UK Data Facility IRIS Network, UK

Data Release Production (25%)

French Data Facility CC-IN2P3, Lyon, France

Data Release Production (50%) Long-term storage

Summit and Base Sites

Observatory Operations Telescope and Camera Data Acquisition Long-term storage Chilean Data Access Center



Acronyms & Glossary 15



- Access to 3k cores each at FrDF and UKDF
 - Demonstrated ability to submit and run jobs there to capacity (not yet at the same time)
- Rucio installed and configured:
 - Server at SLAC; Rucio Storage Elements at each site
 - Can routinely exchange data amongst sites
 - eg: transfer 7700 files, 3.5 TB peak rate to CC-IN2P3 of 1.4 GB/s via FTS
- HSC PDR2 reprocessing at USDF
 - Not exactly multisite, but a thorough shakedown of PanDA at SLAC
 - Shakedown of "Campaign Management" tools
- Automated transfers of Full Camera data from SLAC to FrDF demonstrated
 - Transfers performed by FTS3 based on Rucio rules
- Finishing up connectors between Rucio and Butler before ramping up full multi-site capability:
 - Both Rucio and Butler act as repositories of dataset information need to keep them in sync



Construction timeline

DP1 & DP2 - multi-site practice DR1 in late 2025 - real thing

- 2022-09-30 : EPO Construction Finish (EPOC285) Completed 2022-09-30
- 2023-05-02 : TMA Handoff to Rubin (T&SC-0400-1730)
- 2023-09-22 : COMP: Camera Pre-Ship Review at SLAC (CAMM8090)
- 2024-04-23 : Camera Ready for Full System AI&T (COMC-060200-20930)
- 2024-04-26 : Dome Complete (T&SC-0400-0950)
- 2024-05-08: 3-Mirror Optical System Ready for Testing (T&SC-1100-0400)
- 2024-07-16: LSSTCam Ready for On Sky (First Photon) (SITCOM-122)
- 2024-10-24 : System First Light with LSSTCam (LSST-1520)
- 2025-02-19 : Test report: Final Pipelines Delivery (LDM-503-17a)
- 2025-02-19: COMP: Science Validation Surveys Complete (COMC-0654-0430)
- 2025-02-26: Operation Readiness Review Complete (SITCOM-130)

DMTN-232.lsst.io