

ngVLA Project Update

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South America Astronomy Coordination Committee, 04/2022





A next generation VLA

- Scientific Frontier: thermal imaging at milli-arcsecond resolution
 - 10x Sensitivity, 10-100x Resolution of VLA
 - Frequency range: 1.2-116 GHz
- Bridge SKA ALMA
- Proposal driven, pointed telescope
 - Deep single fields, small area mapping.
- Centered on present location of VLA in Southwest USA
- Under evaluation as part of the Astro2020 Decadal Survey.



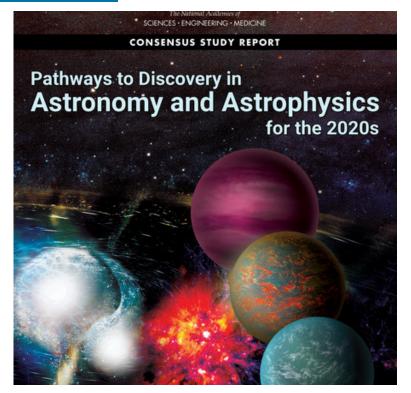


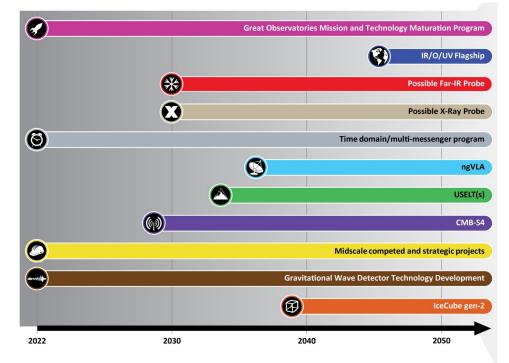
The National Academies of

SCIENCES ENGINEERING MEDICINE



Astro2020 identified the ngVLA as a high-priority large, groundbased facility whose construction should start this decade.





TIME





Canadian Astronomy Long Range Plan (LRP2020)





 Recommended that Canada provide \$130 million toward ngVLA construction and \$6 million per year for operating the facility.



Prototype Antenna contract awarded! PDR late 2022. Delivery late 2023 Interferometric testing 2024.

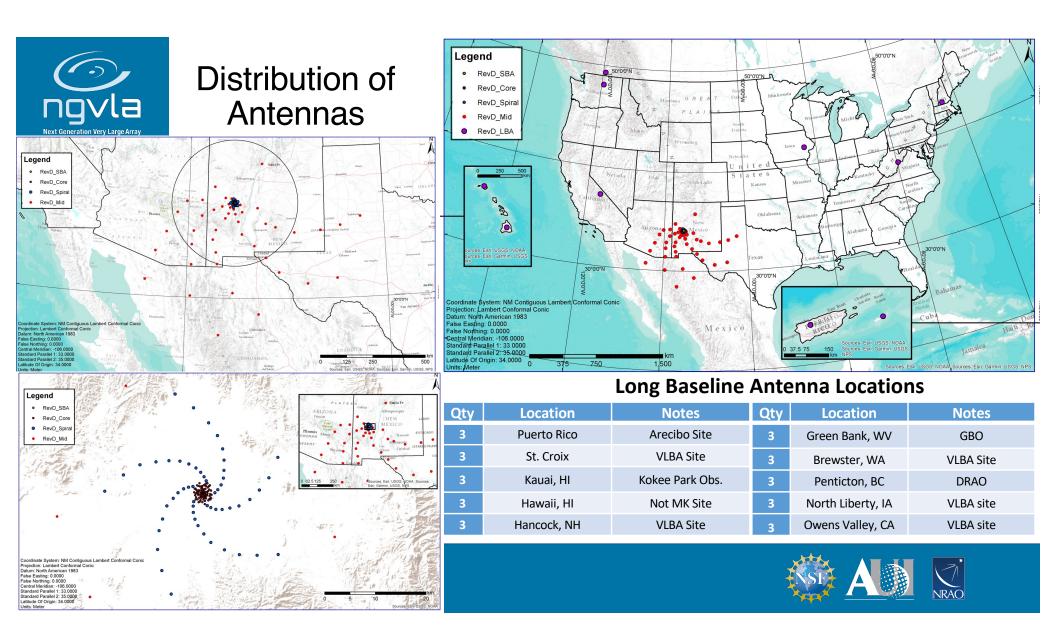
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- Dewar • 1.2 - 116 GHz Frequency Coverage Band f f_H f_H: f_L BW f_M GHz GHz GHz GHz # • Main Array: 214 x 18m offset Gregorian Antennas 1.2 3.5 2.91 2.35 2.3 1 А 2 3.5 7.90 12.3 8.8 В 3.51 • Fixed antenna locations across NM, TX, AZ, MX. 3 8.2 12.3 16.4 20.5 1.67 В 27.3 • Short Baseline Array: 19 x 6m offset Greg. Antenna 20.5 34.0 1.66 13.5 В 5 30.5 40.5 50.5 1.66 20.0 В • Use 4 x 18m in TP mode to fill in (*u*, *v*) hole 6 70.0 93.0 116 1.66 46.0 В
- Long Baseline Array: 30 x 18m antennas located across continent for baselines up to 8860km



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Antenna Data Rates

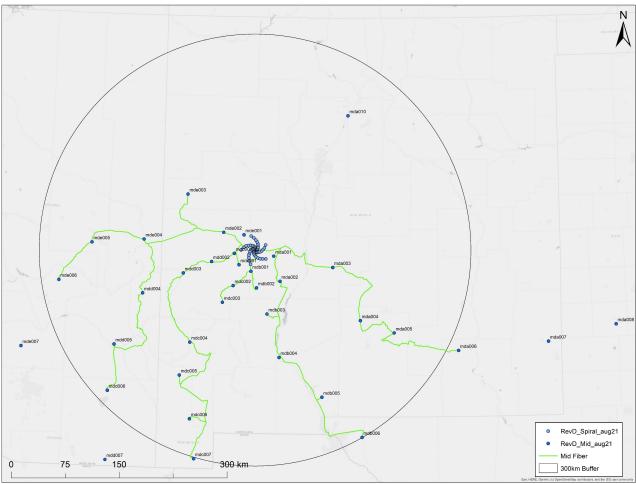
- Real-time correlation of all 244 18m array elements.
- Up to 20 GHz of instantaneous bandwidth per polarization.
- 8-bit digitization at all bands.
- 723 Gbps per antenna, over 8x100 / 2x400 Gbps links on ngVLA installed fiber.
- Requantized and formatted for data transmission on packetswitched networks
- ~3 antenna LBA sites = ~1 Tbps link (goal, TBC)





Main Array Fiber Optic Network

- Dedicated point-to-point fiber links for ~196 antennas in NM within ~300 km radius of core.
- ISP connected elements beyond inner stations.
- ISP connections to LBA sites.
- Leased fiber vs spectrum vs bandwidth (TBD)





- Post Processing: storing the raw visibilities will be possible.
 - Data processing is post-facto, with system sized for average throughput.
 - Data Rates:
 - Average 8 GB/s.
 - Peak 128 GB/s.
- Computing: Challenging, but feasible with current technology.
 - Sized by time resolution, spectral resolution, and multi-faceting in imaging.
 - ~60 PFLOPS/s (inc. efficiency factors) matches average data throughput.

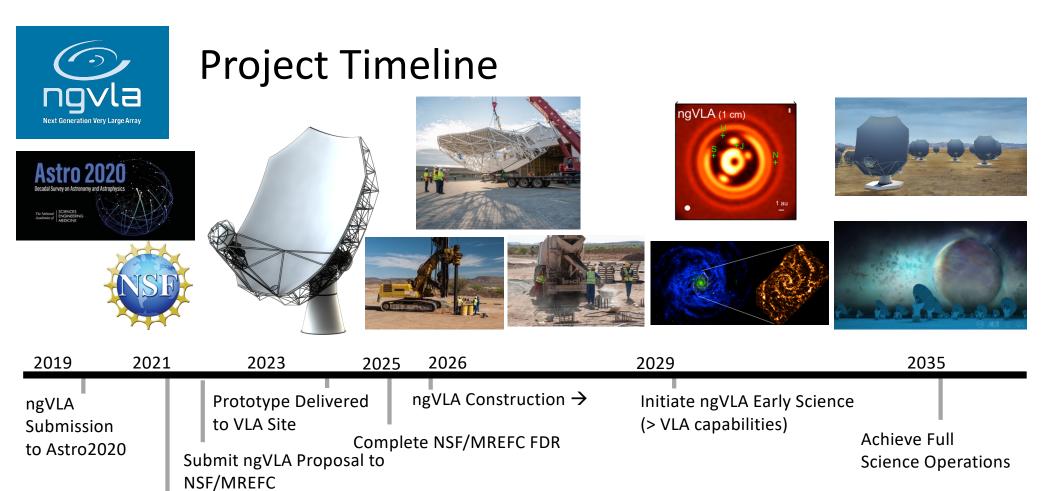




Serving Data to Users

- "Science Ready Data Products" Operations Model
- Process-in-place for data to most Pls.
- Data products requested in proposal; Pipeline interaction possible.
- Low-level data products (visibilities, flagging tables)
- High-level data products for Standard Observing Modes (e..g, calibrated image cubes)
- Archive reprocessing interface for users.
- Data Reduction S/W; Data Analysis S/W
- Distributed archive and re-processing capacity amongst international partners. (ALMA-like model)





Astro2020 Recommendation Published





SAACC Considerations

- ngVLA will require a significant investment in new fiber optic infrastructure in the Southwest USA, with connections across North America.
- Are there areas of collaboration with SAACC members?
- Pitfalls or lessons learned we should consider in our design phase?





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