



Rubin Observatory US Data Facility NET Networking Update

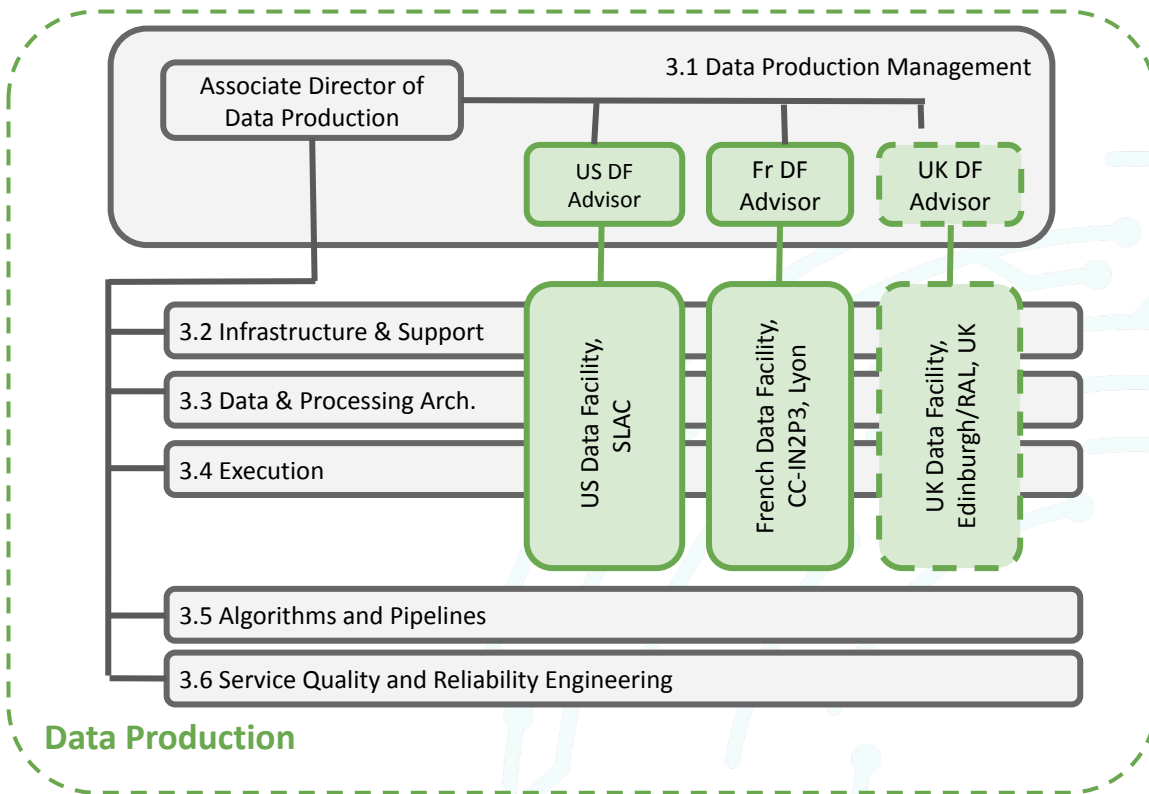
Mark Foster with Richard Dubois & Phil Marshall
April 2021



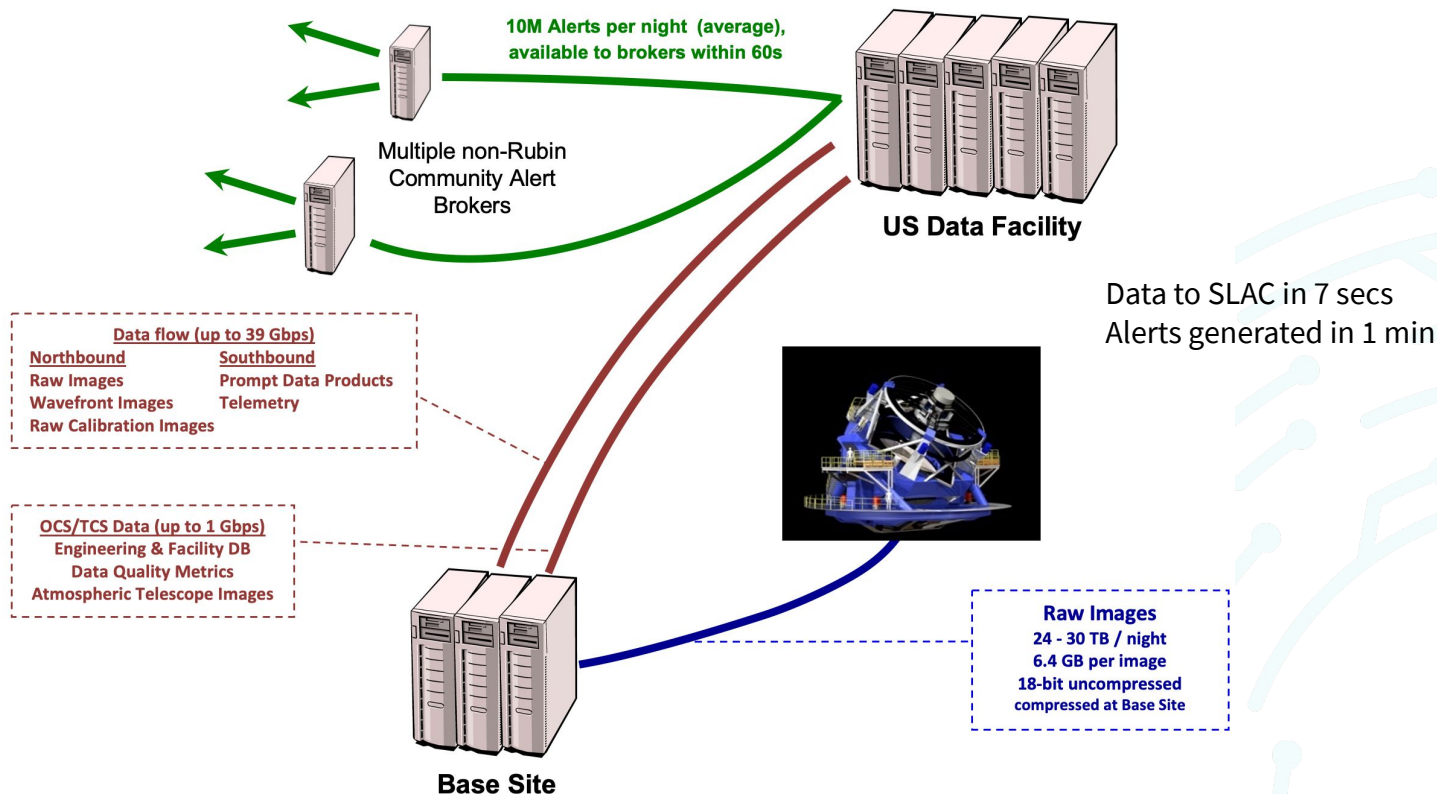
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF
ENERGY

Multiple data facilities

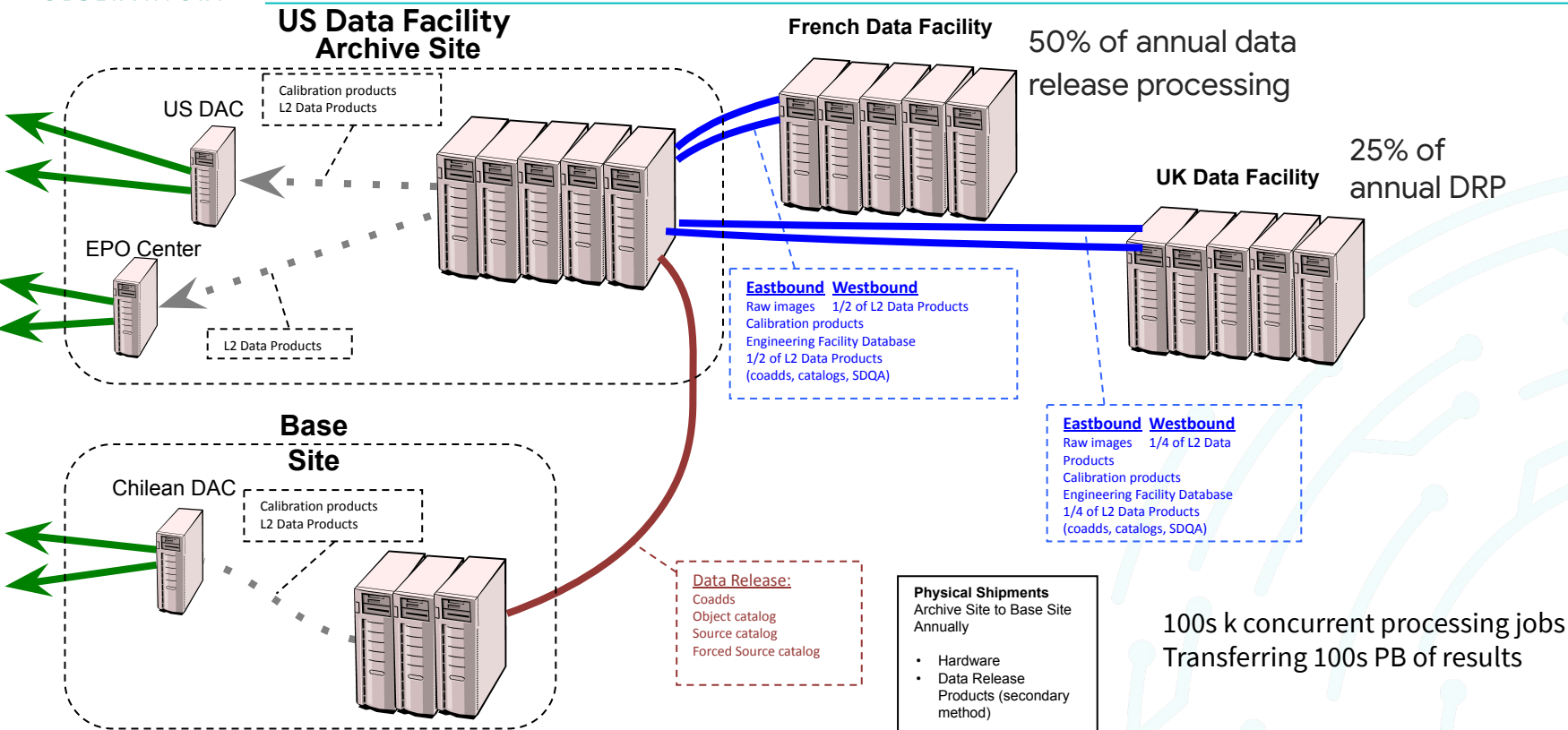
- **United States Data Facility (USDF)**
- French Data Facility at CC-IN2P3
 - 50% of data release processing
- UK Data Facility
 - 25% of data release processing
- Independent Data Access Centers
 - May serve only a subset of data
- Clouds



Data Flows: Prompt Processing

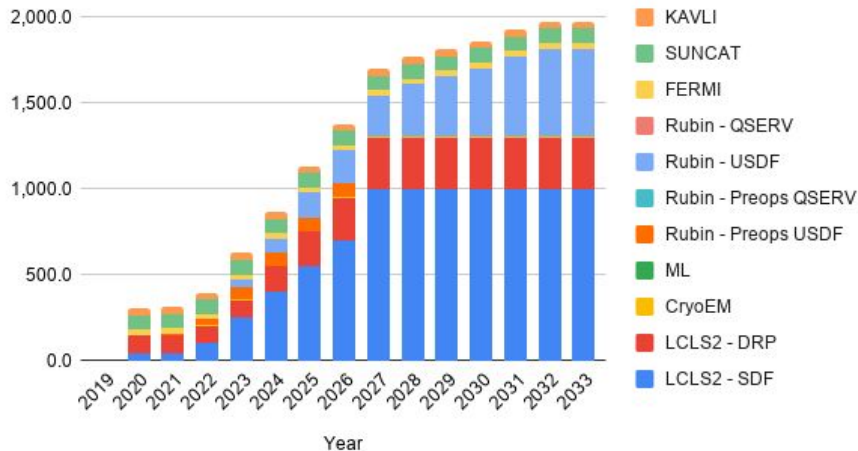


Data Flows: Data Release Processing

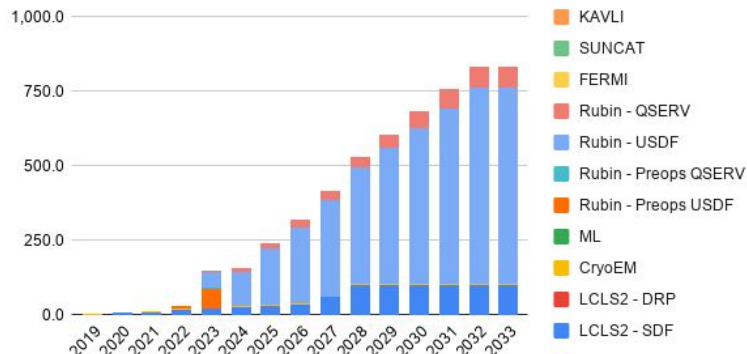


SLAC Shared Data Facility (SDF)

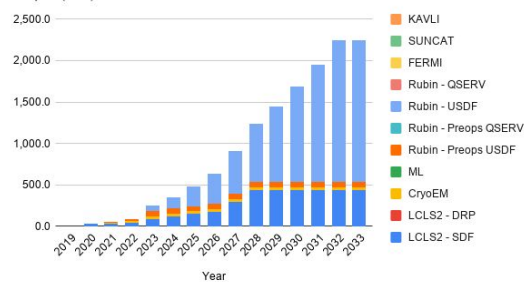
CPU (TFLOPS)



Disk (PB)



Tape (PB)

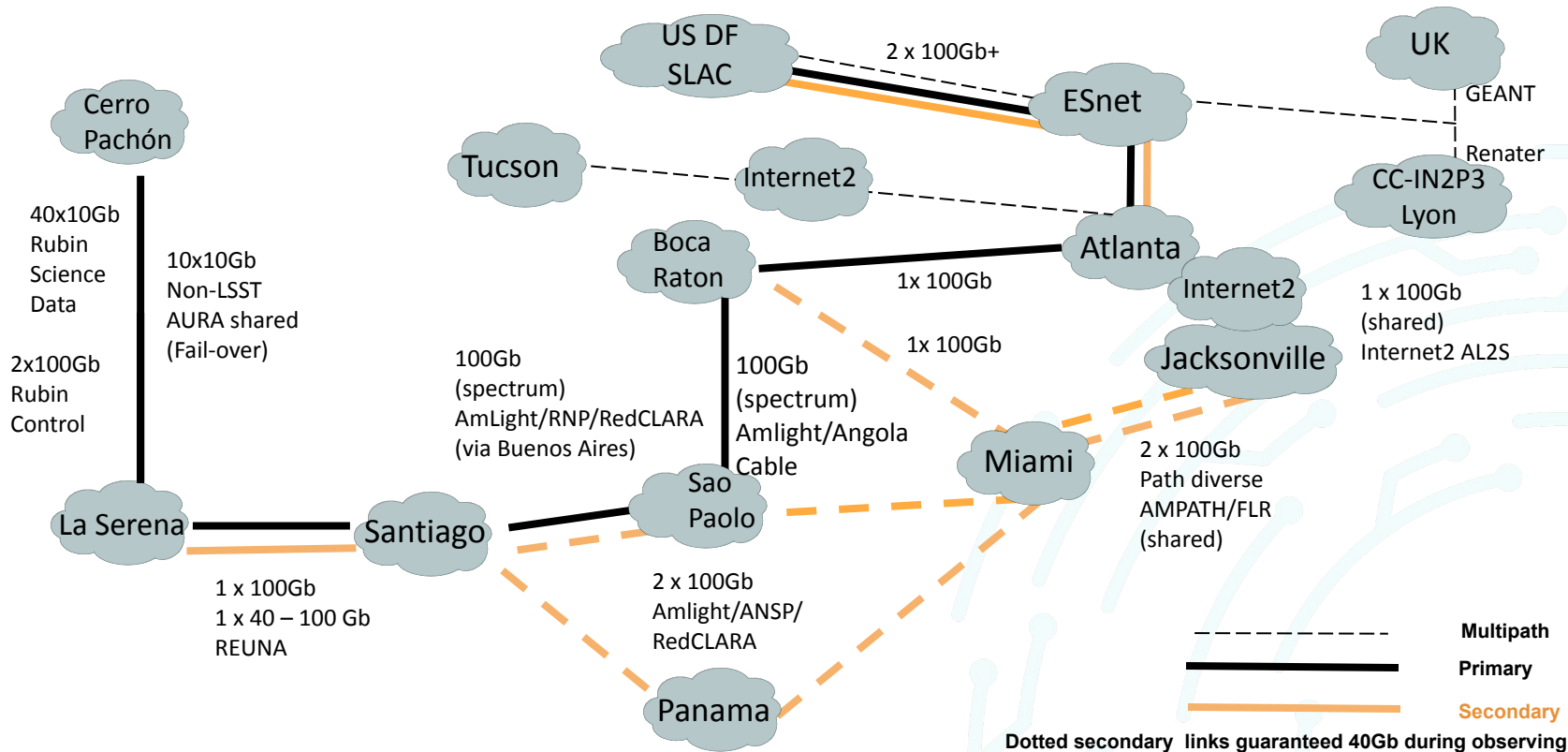


Physical transitions: B50, SRCF, SRCF-II - active planning underway

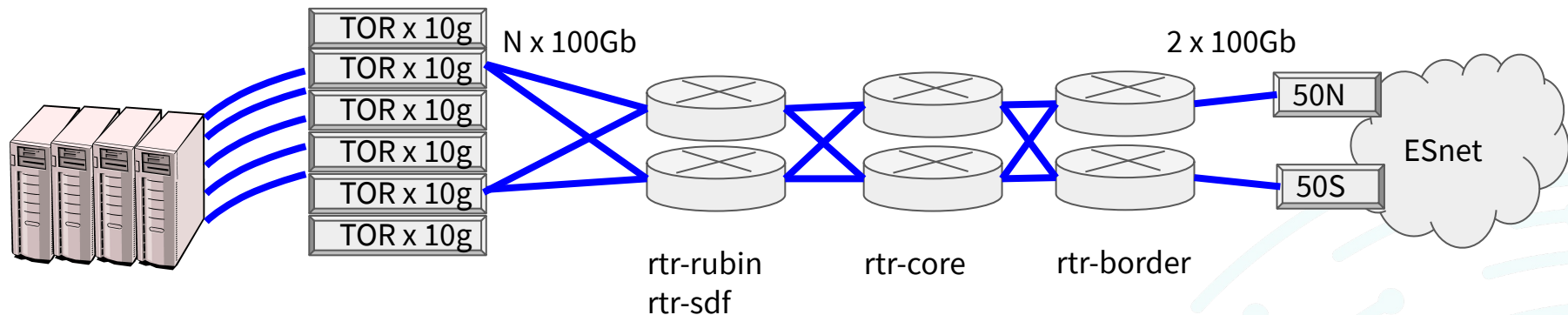
CPU dominated by LCLS-II

Storage dominated by Rubin

Long Haul Network Links



SLAC / USDF Networking



Rubin Server/Storage enclave: TOR switches: Nx10G with Nx100G (layer2) to routing infrastructure via SLAC core and SLAC border

Existing: support 200Gbps aggregate capability between SLAC and other sites with multiple ESnet 100Gbps links; ability to scale Nx100Gbps now, Nx400Gbps future.

ESnet6: two optical nodes on SLAC premises: part of Bay Area optical ring (multi-Tbps optical capacity)

Questions?



Rubin Observatory Sept 2019

<http://www.lsst.org>

Backup

Data Facility Functions

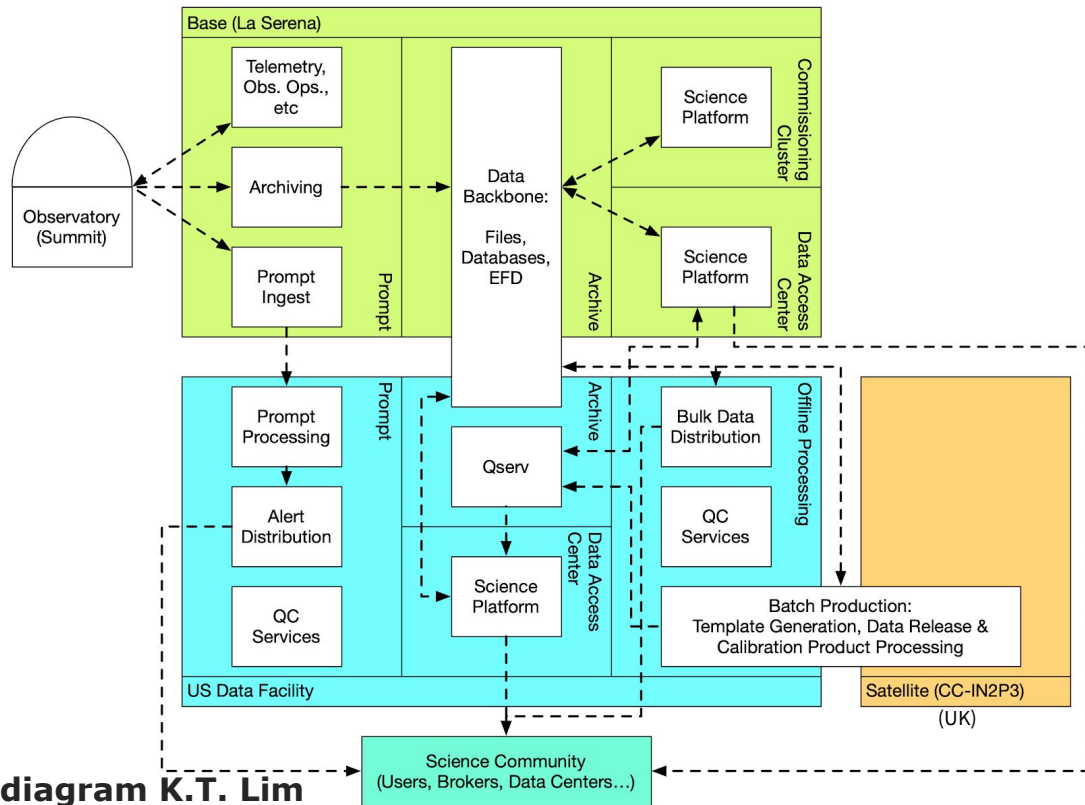


diagram K.T. Lim

- large data sets (20TB/night)
 - complex analysis
 - aiming for small systematics
- Science Alerts in under 2 minutes .. (aiming for 1 minute)
- Annual processing of all data taken to date - ~200 days to execute annually